

# ANTHROPOLOGY 2302

## FINAL EXAM STUDY GUIDE

*Terms and Concepts to Know (Please understand the importance of these):*

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Sedentism	Population pressure	Agriculture
Domestication	Primary vs. Secondary Agriculture	Terraces
Canals	Emmer/Einkorn	Abu Hureyra
Jericho	Catalhoyuk	Bandkeramik
Megaliths	Rice	Wangdong
Khok Phanom Di	Yangshao	Sub-Saharan Agriculture
Maize	Teosinte	Tehuacan
Cotton	Potatoes	North American Agriculture
Transported Landscapes	Pacific Islands	Lapita
Polynesian Chiefdoms	Southwest Pueblos	Anasazi
Chaco Canyon	Hohokam	Snaketown
Moundbuilders	Adena and Hopewell	Mississippian Societies
Cahokia	Moundville	Poverty Point
State Societies	Civilization	Collapse
Mesopotamia	Uruk	Cuneiform
Sumerians	Babylon	Mycenaeans/Minoans
Egypt	Giza	Thebes
Nubia	Zimbabwe	Harappan
Chinese Dynasties	Angkor Wat	Mesoamerica
Olmec	Maya	Tikal
Copan	Monte Alban	Teotihuacan
Aztecs	Tenochtitlan	Andes
Maritime Foundations	Moche	Tiwanaku
Incas	Cuzco	Hieroglyphics

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*Questions for Essay Component (Be sure to draw on relevant examples from your readings and lecture):*

- 1) What can anthropology and archaeology tell us about the environmental impact of human activities, the problems posed by uncontrolled population growth, and the possible future of our planet and species? Drawing on your knowledge of ancient agriculture and state formation/collapse, illustrate your answer with examples from the Old and New World.
  
- 2) In what parts of the world does early agriculture appear to have been a primary development? Describe the transition to agriculture in Southwest Asia in greater detail. Make sure to define the timing of the event(s), and relevant plant and animal species. In general, what were the effects of this “agricultural revolution” on human health and demography and our natural environment?
  
- 3) What processes have contributed to the decline and fall of civilizations in the past? Illustrate your answer with specific Old and New World examples from your book and course lectures. With so many powerful civilizations rising and falling in the past, what are the long-term prospects for American society?
  
- 4) Looking back on our course materials, briefly summarize the major phases of our 5 million year odyssey of the human past. When do agriculture and state level societies first appear and why? What does the archaeological record of human prehistory/history tell us about our legacy on this planet? What are your impressions of this long sequence? Be sure to use relevant examples from your book and lectures.
  
- 5) When and how were the Pacific Islands first colonized by people? What is unique about this colonization compared to some of the other major colonization events we have talked about (e.g., the Americas or Australia)? How does this relate to the development of agriculture? Finally, what types of social organization and unique cultural developments were present in the Pacific Islands?