

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Math 3313 Homework - *Logistic Equation*

Instructions:

- Hand-drawn sketches should be neat, clear, of reasonable size, with axis and tick marks appropriately labeled. All figures, hand drawn computer generated, should have a short caption explaining what they show and describe. Any figure without a caption will not be graded.
- *Staple or bind* all pages together. *DO NOT* dog ear pages as a method to bind.

Important Concepts:

- Experience using ode45, which uses a Runge-Kutta 45 solver. The solver is now a “black box”. We provide ICs and in provides the numerical solution. All the details of the numerical approximator/solver are “inside” ode45.
- Develop a habit of experimenting, probing and testing mathematical models just as one would a physical system. Change the experimental set up (initial conditions, parameters, model), observe results, reflect on why there are changes or perhaps not changes.

Problems:

Consider the Logistic Equation:

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = rx(K - x), \quad K = 1.$$

- (a) Let  $r = 0.5$ . Set the initial condition below the carrying capacity and simulate. Then set the initial condition above the carrying capacity and simulated. Describe your results.
- (b) Let  $r = 2.0$ . How do your results in (b) differ from (a)?
- (c) Suppose we change the self-competition term to  $dx/dt \sim -x^p$ . That is,

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = rx(K - x^p)$$

Experiment by choosing  $p < 1$  and  $p > 1$  to determine which corresponds to weaker or greater competition. *Turn a figure for each case in c) that demonstrates your conclusion.*

- (d) Reset the parameters as in (a) so that  $r = 0.5$ ,  $K = 1$  and  $p = 1$ . Let the initial condition be  $x(0) = -1$ . What happens? Does this make sense and why/why not?

Note, for each of the figures turned in, be sure to adjust the axis (*axis([t<sub>min</sub> t<sub>max</sub> x<sub>min</sub> x<sub>max</sub>])*) so that the solution fills most of the figure.